

NUCLEAR KNOWLEDGE LOSS RISK MANAGEMENT

(LESSONS LEARNED, IMPLEMENTATION EXPERIENCES)

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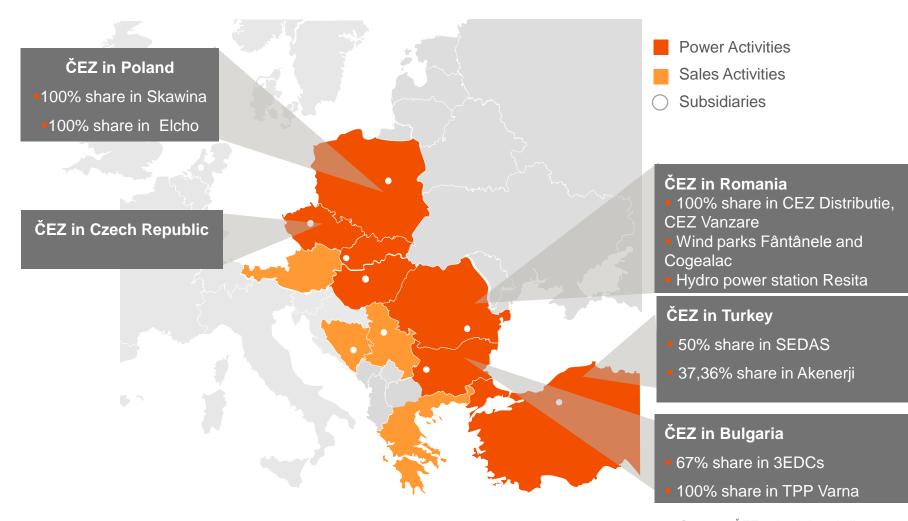
AGENDA



1.	ČEZ INTRODUCTION
2.	KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT MODEL
3.	KM PROCESS STATUS IN ČEZ, a.s.
4.	NUCLEAR KNOWLEDGE LOSS RISK MANAGEMENT IN ČEZ NPPs
5.	KM & COMPETENCY MANAGEMENT
6.	CLOSING

ČEZ GROUP IS INTERNATIONAL POWER SUPPLIER





Source: ČEZ, národní statistiky, 2012

CZECH NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS





Temelin: Started in 2000 (2x 1000 MW)



Dukovany: Started in 1985 (3x 450 MW, 1x500 MW)



KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT



"The highest risk in nuclear safety is missing knowledge"

Our objective: The right knowledge in the right place at the right time

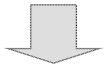
Knowledge / experience itself has not value if it is not achievable, properly applied and used to reach the company's values and goals. The KM principle in ČEZ includes: the capture, sharing and using of unique knowledge.

TYPES OF KNOWLEDGE



TYPES OF KNOWLEDGE:

- 1.Know what
- 2.Know why
- 3.Know how
- 4.Know who



KNOW - WHO

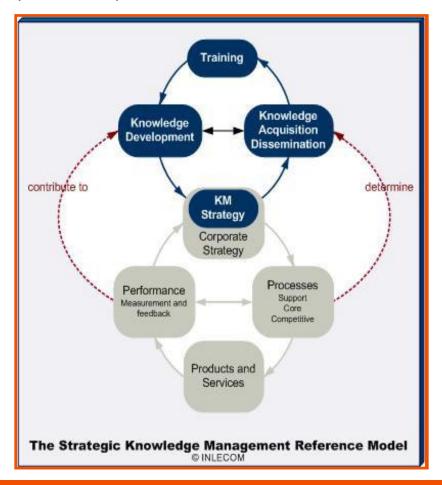
- Who is Expert@Risk?
- How to identify Experts?
- How to treat them?
- Why are they important for us?



STRATEGIC KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT MODEL



The Strategic Knowledge Management reference model consists of a KM process linked to the overall business model of strategy-business-product and performance control as shown in the following diagram:





KM PROCESS STATUS IN ČEZ, A.S.

REASONS OF KM IMPLEMENTATION IN ČEZ, A.S.



The main target of KM introduction is to reduce the risks associated with the possible loss of the unique knowledge and its holders

Generational	replacement
(retirement)	-

The risk of loss of the unique knowledge, experience and know-how

Increasing demand from abroad for skilled professionals

Risk of loss of significant professionals going abroad

Development of NPPs, increasing security requirements

The experts transition from the operation business; increasing demands on the quality of work

Limited transfer of knowledge and experience, rapid increase of capacity

Experience is not transferable only by copying from team to team

Experience is not used for the improvement of the processes

Significant findings are not applied properly. All projects start "from zero".

OUR KM OBJECTIVES



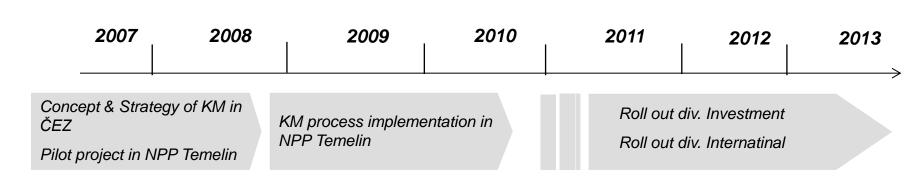
In the years 2007/2008 the Knowledge Management has emerged as one of the prime concerns in our HRM system. Based on the KM best practice data gathering, surveys and analyses, the detailed concept has been proposed and implemented primarily in our nuclear production units.

Main objectives:

- To identify, maintain and develop the unique knowledge
- To share the critical knowledge and the best practices
- To save the organization from critical capabilities and minimize the duplication effort
- To set up the succession planning system for the knowledge holders with potential knowledge loss
- To create effective system for the knowledge record sharing and its updating
- Further implementation of KM within production division as well as extension into another divisions

HOW FAR DID WE GET





KM process implementation in NPP Dukovany

Roll out in dept. Central engineering and dept. Safety

Content & Roles
Supporting tools (IT, motivation, communication)

KM GENERAL PRINCIPLES IN DETAIL



KM implementation requires the effective investment to the following 6 dimensions:

Hard dimensions

- Content and Structure
 (map of knowledge areas, experience reports, documentation)
- Process and Organization (roles and competences, process of debriefing)
- Technology and Infrastructure (intranet KM portal, shared KM database)

Soft dimensions

- Cooperation and Culture (motivation, communication, benefits)
- Persuasion and Leadership
 (management support, process documentation)
- Impact and Resilience
 (plan of implementation, inputs and outputs monitoring)



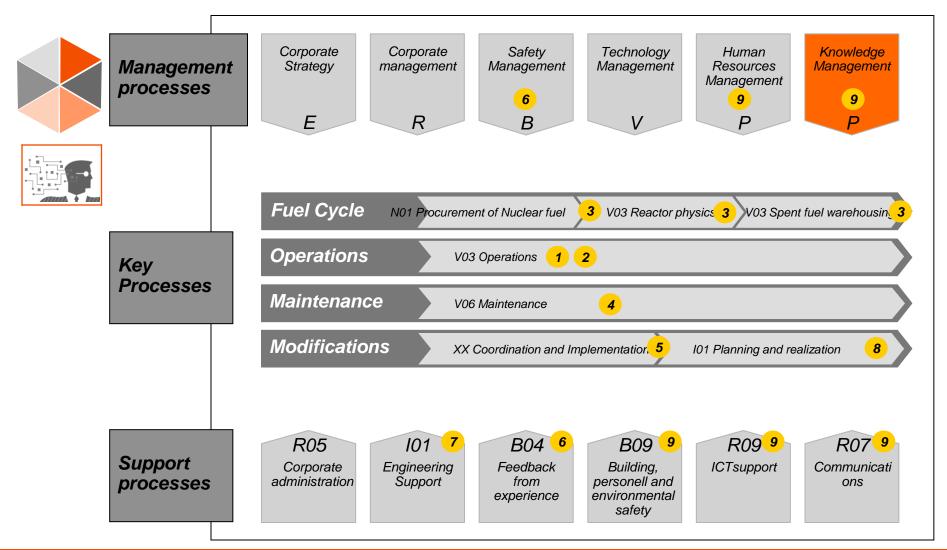
Effective and continuous system of Knowledge Management



NUCLEAR KNOWLEDGE LOSS RISK MANAGEMENT IN ČEZ NPPs

STRUCTURE OF KNOWLEDGE AREAS IN OUR NPPs IS COMPATIBLE WITH MAJOR PROCESSES





IDENTIFICATION OF UNIQUE KNOWLEDGE HOLDERS (EXPERTS)



Experts Identification follows this steps:

1st round of identification (top mngt, middle mngt.)

2nd round of identification (larger team)

Priority setting

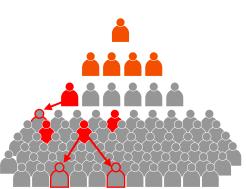
(risk evaluation)

Knowledge Management

- Initial interviews
- Creating of Knowledge@Risk and Experts@Risk lists
- Risk evaluation

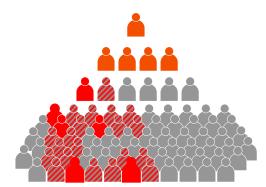
- Initial interviews with recomended experts
- Risk evaluation within each knowledge area
- Workshop (managers & experts)
- Highest risk identification
- Priorities setting in area of succession programs
- Update of priorities, setting goals, risk evaluation
- Plan of debriefings and knowledge reports
- Implementation of succession programs











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EXPERT@RISK LIST

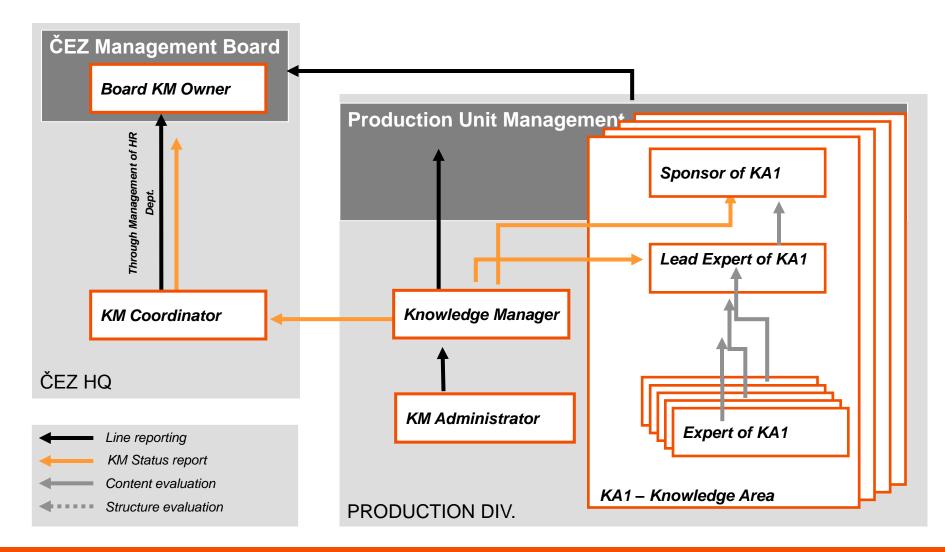


Seznam nositelů významných zkušeností (Expert@Risk)

Jméno experta - nositele významných zkušeností	Navrhovatel(é)	Téma (zkušenost)	Oblast zkušeností	Mira exptertizy	Riziko odchodu Jaká je pravděpodobnost, že daný expert odejde z OJ/divize během přištích tří let (odchod do důchodu, přesun v rámci Skupiny ČEZ, nespokojenost, jiné přiležitosti) [1=nízká, 5=vysoká]	Riziko pozice Jaké je riziko, že OJ/divize ztratí významné zkušenosti, znalosti či dovednosti v případě odchodu tohoto experta? [1=nízká, 5=vysoká]	Datum odchodu do SD
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KM ROLES AT ČEZ, A.S.

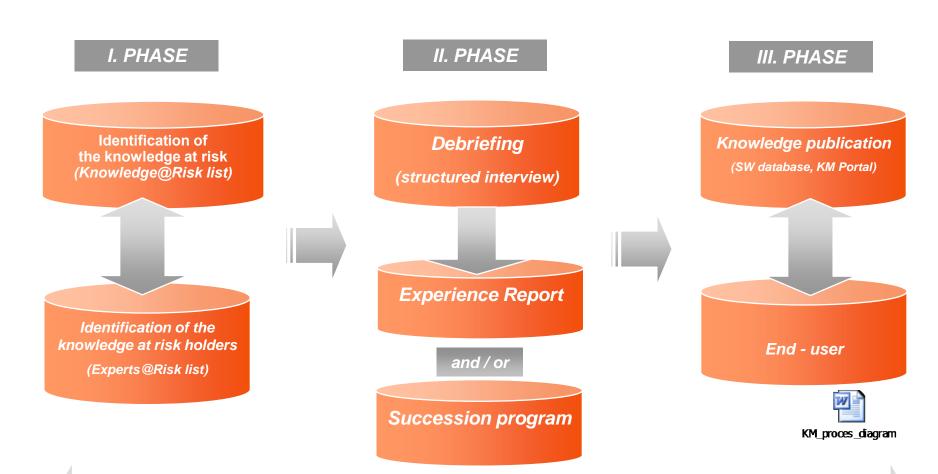




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ČEZ KM PROCESS MODEL





Continuous update of the process inputs and outputs
Continuous internal communication and motivation of all KM process participants

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WHAT WE UNDERSTAND KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT IS



Knowledge,
Experience
&
Competency



KM EXPERT



- Debriefing Reports
- Expert Profiles
- DMS

HR Processes:

- Systematic approach to training
- Tutoring
- Succession planning
- Exit interviews
- KM KPIs

Others:

- Peer assist visits, conferences
- Communities of practice
- Alumni programs







EXAMPLE OF ORGANISED KNOWLEDGE TRANSFER



Knowledge Experience, Competency



KM EXPERT

Expereince Reports => Portals

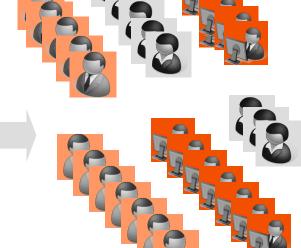




Knowledge Transfer (training)



LECTURER

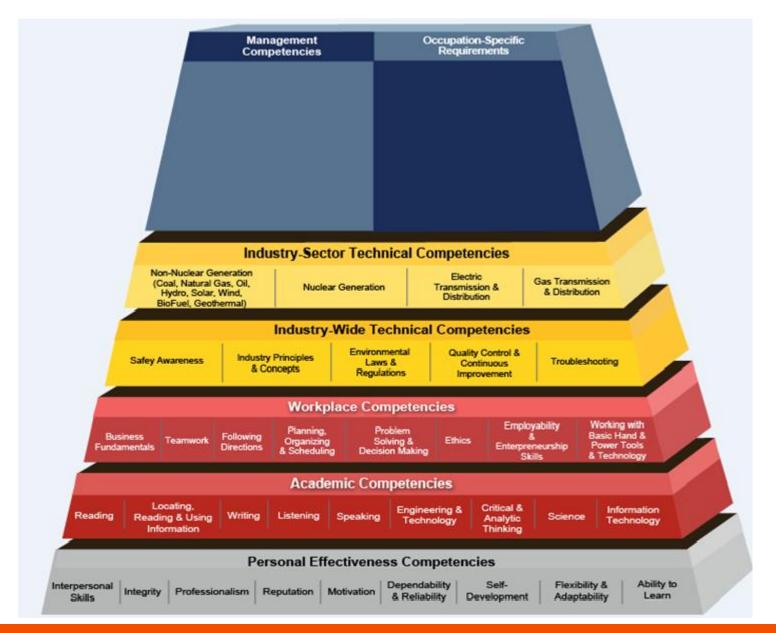




KM & COMPETENCY MANAGEMENT

ORGANIZATIONAL COMPETENCY MODEL IN ENERGY





KM & COMPETENCY MANAGEMENT ARE CLOSELY RELATED





Knowledge:

The capacity for effective action

Competence:

The ability to put skills, knowledge and attitudes into practice in order to perform a task or role in an effective and efficient manner to established standard.

Competence = Knowledge & Skills & Attitude

Competency:

A statement that defines knowledge area, skills and behaviour that is required to perform a particular role in certain standard.

ČEZ KM approach:

Our KM process is based on: identified, captured and shared knowledge. Knowledge must be achievable, properly applied and used to reach the company's values and goals.

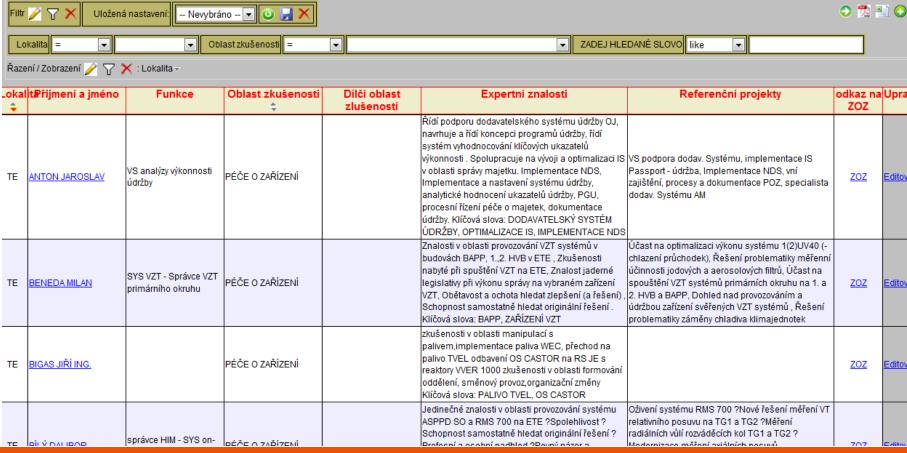
Unique knowledge & experience & qualification

THE WAY TO FIND AND SHARE THE KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS & EXPERTISE (1)





Search Skills and Expertise

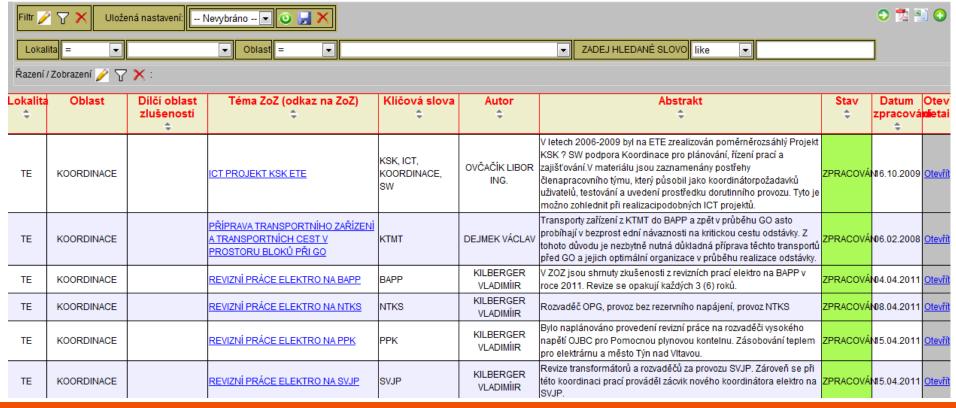


THE WAY TO FIND AND SHARE THE KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS & EXPERTISE (2)



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Search Experience Report



OUR PRIORITIES FOR SUCCESSFUL KM IMPLEMENTATION



LESSONS LEARNED

KEY ACTIVITIES
OF FURTHER KM
IMPLEMENTATION

OBJECTIVES IN 2014

- Support and motivation of the employees involved in KM
- Management support in production units
- Capacity of KM team both in HQ and local units
- Capacity (headcount) enabling experience transfer within the process of successorship
- Process description in internal documentation
- Internal Communication (PR)
- Upgraded IT support
- Updated methods, procedures & process documentation
- Implementation of KM concept into other department / units

WE PUT 6 KM DIMENSIONS INTO REAL LIFE



We value employees' knowledge and we know how to treat them

KM PRINCIPLES







Knowledge management is a long term process that has its phases and stages and assumes a corporate culture of open sharing and transfer of knowledge between all employees at all levels.



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

QUESTIONS ?

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